Community Drug Safety Program: Improves Medication Safety in Nursing Homes

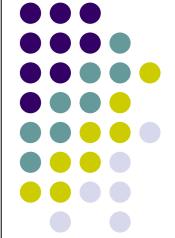
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Background



- Ageing population
- In 2006 747 residential care homes for elderly (RCHE) caring for 59383 clients
- Over 500 of these homes are privately run
- Quality of care variable
- Staff qualification variable

2005 : news reports on iatrogenic hypoglycemic drug errors



藥物名稱 出錯問額 服用水劑藥前沒有 搖勻,樂成只服用普 通糖水,服用至樽 苯妥英 1成 (Phenytoin) 成服藥過量或過少 問題・出現最眩、抽



【本報訊】安老院派錯降血糖藥導致老 人入院的個緊愈揭愈多。3個代表全港1,500 名藥劑師的藥劑學會昨透露·早在04年港島 區至少有6宗因安老院配錯藥而令長者入住 深切治療部的同類事件,學會認為情況有惡 化趨勢,並透露該會曾巡查私營安老院,發 項護理員寫錯顧名的情況常見·學會炮轟社 會福利署對安老院監管不足。

派錯藥安老院 暫不起訴

醫管局前日揭露·過去9個月內有9宗 牽涉安老院的誤服隆血糖藥個案,當中一人 昏迷·社署銀進後確定其中一家安老院派錯 藥,但該署拒絕公開有關安老院資料及事故

社署昨日仍堅持不透露出錯院舍名稱。 署方解釋法例沒有賦予該署權力在院舍未定 罪前公布其名。

根據近年紀錄·有關院舍為首次派籍 藥、署方顧及院舍初犯及其他居住該院長者 的利益、暫不考慮提出起訴、至於出錯順 因。署方指是個別保健員派錯萬所数

04年港島至少出現6宗

中心總監崔俊明認為,今次事件只屬冰山一 角·安老院的藥物管理已出現惡化情況。據 他所知,04年港島區已有至少6宗安老院執 錯樂而導致長者血糖過低要入院的個案・所 有長者均陷昏迷而須入住深切治療部·最後 全部無恙、但只有其中一間院舍承認出錯、 社署知情後亦只向院舍派發指引。

04年本港因不明原因而血糖過低入院 的個案達394宗,當中不乏居住安老院舍的



▲代表全港1500名藥劑師的3大學會,昨期 合召開記者會炮轟社署監管安老院派藥不力。

因,與學歷及英語水平低的保健員有關,句 括他們未有跟足醫生指示。將新舊藥物同時 派予長者:由於保健員只需中三學歷,大多 是內地護士,他們英語有限,出現寫錯及認

抨社署欠監管 發牌過寬

批評·社響欠缺安老院藥物紀錄的監管·發 放牌照政策亦過寬,即使保健員未合乎處理 藥物的資格亦照樣聘請。學會故建議引入病 人用藥電腦系統·社署更要在藥物管理方面 訂出指引:政府亦需引入醫藥分家制度 · 減

社署回應,已在本月1日將保健員最低 學歷由中三提高至中五,並於前日向所有安 老院發出藥物安全指引。社福界立法會議員 張超雄強調。今次事件牽涉公眾安全及公眾 健康·社署應使整個調查具透明度·「有責 任公開有關院舍的名字」,並監察私營安老 院是否符合發牌條件。

神,只係有少少行動不便同血壓高,好彩我哋 工、和長者住客面談及電話聯絡社康護士,根 神科藥物,一定對她健康有好大影響。」近日 老院發出警告信件,要求改善。牌照處督察亦 與家人商量後,決定向本報投訴,揭露此事。

他憶迹,「佢當時表現得周身唔舒服,問

食藥。」他擔心母親吃錯其他院友的藥,遂要

墨麗護老院有限公司回覆本報查詢時承 符合發牌要求。

- 鳳凰護老院療養的八十五歲季婆婆,其 認,職員執配藥物時將藥箱調錯位置,導致錯 □ 兒子陳先生稱,他於本年七月底,安排 派藥物予院友李婆婆服用,為此有關職員已贈 母親入住鳳凰護老院,至八月十一日,他與家 職。李婆婆雖曾向職員表示,所服藥物與平日

事後,院方亦採取措施,加強員工對藥物 多兩句, 但先講話前一晚同嘯日朝早, 食咗啲 處理的認知, 遵行社署訂定執藥及派藥的「三 唔係平時食閒嘅藥,同姑娘講,姑娘只係叫佢 核五對」指引,防止同類事件發生。

本報曾向社會福利署查詢上述投訴個案。 但直至截稿仍未收到回覆。但社署安老院牌照 事務處早前函覆陳先生時表示,牌照事務處的 (一〇〇四〇六五)

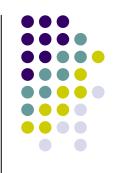


Drug incidents



- 7/2005 to 3/2006
 - 23 cases oral hypoglycemic medications intake by "mistake"
 - 9 involved RCHE
 - Licensing Office of RCHE (LORCHE) launched investigation
 - 5 cases related to improper dispensation
 - 2 cases wrong patient
 - 1 case wrong timing
 - 1 case wrong dosage
- 5/2006: LEGCO Discussion on drug safety issue in RCHE

Social Welfare Department (SWD): prevention of medication errors



- Warning letters/ written advice
- Close monitoring
- Ongoing Educational Seminars

Working Guidelines for RCHE staff –
 Drug Safety Protocol (2006)

Local plan of action



- 5/2006 Sharing meeting on Geriatric Community Service in Kowloon Central and West Cluster
 - CGAT, CNS and doctors
 - Kowloon Hospital (KH)
 - Kwong Wah Hospital (KWH)
 - Our Lady of Maryknoll Hospital (OLMH)
 - Queen Elizabeth Hospital (QEH)
 - SWD

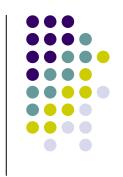
Drug Safety Campaign

Objectives of this Campaign



- To increase the awareness of drug safety in RCHE
- To determine the prevalence of high risk practices
- To bring about an improvement in the knowledge, attitude and practice relating to drug safety

Methodology



 Invitations to all RCHE within the catchment area of the two clusters (n=138)

- Participation = 120 homes (86.9%).
- Total = 10731 residents

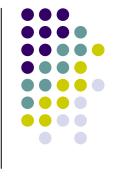
 Target staff - responsible for drug administration (nurse, health workers)





Drug safety campaign

我和你有個"葯"會





Continuing on-site training

On-site training

- 3 months
- VCD for continued education

Focus on 3 major areas:

- Storage
- Documentation
- Administration



Drug Safety Survey



Structured Questionnaire

- First assessment before training (4Q 2006)
- Second assessment three month after the first assessment

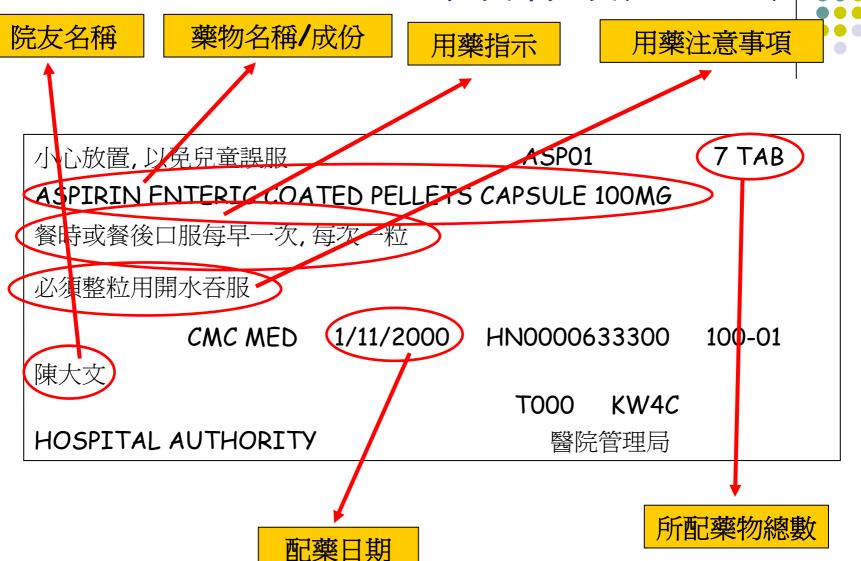
 Independent observer (nurse other than the one responsible for the training)

Storage:正確的貯存葯物方法 (10 items)





Documentation:藥物標籤(21 items)



Administration: (13 items)

安老院派藥程序(口服藥物)



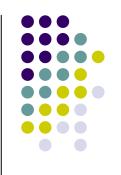


Results



- Structured Questionnaires completed by 166 staff for the pre and post training assessments
 - 9 RN
 - 21 EN
 - 136 HW
- The medication safety standards were expected to comply to SWD drug management guidelines
- Taking into account some physical restrictions of RCHE settings.





Category	No of items	Compliance to standard				
		<90%	90%-94.9%	95%-99.9%	100%	
Storage	10	6	2	2	0	
Documentation	21	9	3	3	4	
Administration	13	4	1	5	3	

Results: pre-post comparison

	Drug Storage Assessment items	Pre (unachievable)	Post(unachievable)	Improv ement	P value
1	All medications should be put in clean, lightproof, dry, well labeled and locked location	9 (7.4%)	1 (0.8%)	88.9%	0.008
2	Individual containers	3 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.500
3	Bulk packed or excess medication of each resident should be well labeled and put in a separate locked container	41 (33.6%)	6 (4.9%)	85.4%	0.0001
4	Drug package should be labeled with name, drug, route, dose, frequency and prescription date clearly	18 (14.8%)	3 (2.5%)	83.3%	0.001
5	Each type of medication should be put into individual packing	5 (4.1%)	3 (2.5%)	40.0%	0.727
6	Opened insulin vial should be dated and stored not exceeding 6 weeks	37 (30.3%)	10 (8.2%)	73.0%	0.000
7	Externally applied medications need to be labeled clearly and separated from oral medication	30 (24.6%)	6 (4.9%)	80.0%	0.0001
8	Medications are placed in fridge as instructed	8 (6.6%)	2 (1.6%)	75.0%	0.289
9	No drinks or food are placed in the medication fridge	52 (42.6%)	8 (6.6%)	84.6%	0.0001

25 (20.5%)

8 (6.6%)

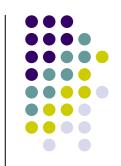
68.0%

0.002

Opened eye ointments/drops should be dated

and stored not exceeding 30 days

10



Results

	Documentation Assessment items	Pre (unachievable)	Post (unachievable)	Improve ment	P value
1	Individual chart	5 (4.1%)	1 (0.8%)	80.0%	0.219
2	Medication list of each resident should be checked after discharge and follow up	13 (10.7%)	2 (1.6%)	84.6%	0.007
3	Drug chart of each resident is updated	20 (16.4%)	4 (3.3%)	80.0%	0.001
4	Staff signature after medication is prepared	12 (9.8%)	3 (2.5%)	75.0%	0.035
5	Staff signature after medication is checked	25 (20.5%)	5 (4.1%)	80.0%	0.0001
6	Staff signature is documented after medication is given to resident	11 (9%)	4 (3.3%)	63.6%	0.092
7.1	Labeling: name of resident	2 (1.6%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.500
7.2	Labeling: name of medication	1 (0.8%)	0 (0%)	100%	1.000
7.3	Labeling: dosage	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
7.4	Labeling: route of administration	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
7.5	Labeling: frequency	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
7.6	Labeling: time of administration	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
7.7	Labeling: organization of issue	10 (8.2%)	7 (5.7%)	30.0%	0.581
7.8	Labeling: date of issue	1 (0.8%)	0 (0%)	100%	1.000
7.9	Labeling: amount of issue	13 (10.7%)	2 (1.7%)	84.6%	0.003
7.10	Labeling: specific instructions	5 (4.1%)	1 (0.8%)	80.0%	0.219
8	Allergy history documented on drug chart	45 (36.9%)	13 (10.7%)	48.9%	0.0001
9	PRN medication is documented in drug chart once given to resident	28 (23.0%)	2 (1.6%)	92.9%	0.0001
10.1	Others: reason for omitting dose	18 (14.8%)	4 (3.3%)	77.8%	0.004
10.2	Others: side effects of drug	17 (13.9%)	2 (1.6%)	88.2%	0.007
10.3	Others: management of drug side effects	14 (11.5%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.002



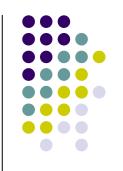
Results

	Drug Administration Asse ssment items	Pre (unachievable)	Post (unachievable)	Improv ement	P value
1	Only HCW or nurse authorized to administer drugs	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
2	Proper hand washing and drying up	42 (34.4%)	7 (5.7%)	83.3%	0.0001
3.1	First check: when taking out of locked container	9 (7.4%)	5 (4.1%)	44.4%	0.289
3.2	Second check: when taking drug out of package	19 (15.6%)	2 (1.6%)	89.5%	0.0001
3.3	Third check: when putting drug back into locked container	19 (15.6%)	8 (6.6%)	57.9%	0.027
4	Abnormalities found or expired drugs should not be given to resident – enquire PRN	3 (2.5%)	4 (3.3%)	-33.3%	0.688
5.1	First right: right medication	5 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.063
5.2	Second right: right dosage	5 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.063
5.3	Third right: right resident	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
5.4	Fourth right: right time	3 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.250
5.5	Fifth right: right route	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	-	1.000
6	Ensure each resident takes the medication completely	5 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	100%	0.063
7	Cleansing of mortar	34 (27.9%)	15 (12.3%)	54.3%	0.002



Summary: Drug Storage





- Storing of excess medication (85% improvement)
- Storing in designated fridge (85%)
- Using open insulin vials (85%)

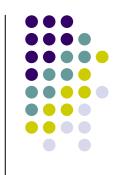
Summary: Documentation



- Drug allergy history (71% improvement)
- Immediate recording of PRN medication (93%)
- Signature after checking (80%)
- Keeping updated drug charts for each resident (80%)



Summary: Administration





- Proper hand washing (83% improvement)
- Immediate cleansing of mortar after use (56%)
- Performing 2nd and 3rd checks when preparing medications
 (90%)

Overcoming difficulties

- Environmental restrictions
- Lack of resources
- Lack of awareness
- Fault-findingVS
- Creative solutions
- Local resources
- Education and training
- Partnership





Conclusion



The standard of medication safety in RCHE

- Variable standard on initial assessment
- Required constant reminders and education
- Significant improvement in many important aspects after on-site training
- Room for further improvement
- Successful collaboration

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- Miss Salome Yip (KWH)
- Miss So Man Ching (OLMH)
- CNS and CGAT nurses

RCHE

Staff and operators



